

SDS(Safety Data Sheet)

Product	Kixx Compressor S 32	
List No.	Issuing date	Last revised date
LB3075	2012-11-30	2018-01-01

1. IDENTIFICATION

1) Product name

Kixx Compressor S 32

2) Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

- Recommended use (Lubricants and additives)

- Restrictions on use Do not use for any other purpose.

3) Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

○ Manufacturer

- Company name GS Caltex Corporation

- Address GS Tower, 508, Nonhyeon-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea

- Emergency telephone number 1899-5145

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

1) Classification of the product

- Not applicable

2) Label elements

- O Hazard pictograms
- Not applicable
- Signal word
- Not applicable
- Hazard statements
- Not applicable

O Precautionary statements

- 1) Prevention
- Not applicable
- 2) Response
- Not applicable
- 3) Storage
- Not applicable
- 4) Disposal
- Not applicable

3) Other hazards

O Product NFPA Level

(X 0-Lack, 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3-High, 4-Very High)

Product name	Health	Flammable	Reaction
Kixx Compressor S 32	2	1	0

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name	Trade names and Synonyms	CAS No.	EC No.	Contain Ratio(%)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic		64742-54-7	265-157-1	95 ~ 100
Trilauryl phosphite		3076-63-9	221-356-5	0 ~ 1
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol		128-39-2	204-884-0	0 ~ 1
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-47-8	265-149-8	3 ~ 7

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

1) Eye contact - In case of contact with material, immediately flush eyes with running water for at

least 15 minutes.

- Get medical aid immediately.

2) Skin contact - In case of contact with material, immediately flush skin with running water for at least

15 minutes.

- Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes.

- Launder contaminated clothing and shoes before re-use.

- Get medical aid immediately.

3) Inhalation - Move to fresh air.

- Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing.

- Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.

- Seek immediate medial assistance.

4) Ingestion - If unconscious but breathing, never give anything by mouth.

- Get medical aid immediately.

5) Indication of any immediate medical

attention and special

treatment needed

- Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take

precautions to protect themselves.

- Do not apply drugs of the adrenaline ephedrine group.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

extinguishing media

1) Suitable (and unsuitable) - Small fire: Dry sand, dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam, water spray, regular foam, CO2 (Suitable extinguishing media).

- Large fire: Water spray/fog, regular foam (Suitable extinguishing media).

- High-pressure water (Unsuitable extinguishing media).

2) Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- May ignited from heat, friction or contamination.
- Containers may explode when heated.
- Some may burn but none ignite readily.
- Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic gases.
- May cause toxic effects if inhaled.
- Some liquids produce vapors that may cause dizziness or suffocation.
- 3) Special protective equipment and precautions - Substance may be transported hot. for firefighters
- Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

 - Runoff may cause pollution.
 - Contact may cause burns to skin and eyes.
 - Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the material.
 - Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.
 - Fire involving Tanks: Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
 - Fire involving Tanks: Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank.
 - Fire involving Tanks: ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

protective equipment

1) Health considerations and - ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).

- Stop leak if you can do it without risk.
- Please note that materials and conditions to be avoided.
- Ventilate the contaminated area.
- Do not touch or walk through spilled material.
- Prevent dust cloud.
- Do not enter areas which have more than 23.5% oxygen in the atmosphere, without respirator or air supplied mask.
- 2) Environmental precautions
- Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.
- 3) Methods and material for Small Spill: Flush area with flooding quantities of water. containment and cleaning up
 - Small Spill: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.
 - Large Spill: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.
 - With clean shovel place material into clean, dry container and cover loosely; move containers from spill area.
 - Cover powder spill with plastic sheet or tarp to minimize spreading and keep powder dry.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

1) Precautions for safe handling

- Please note that materials and conditions to be avoided.
- Wash ... thoroughly after handling.
- Handling refer to engineering control/personal protection section.
- CAUTION: High temperature.
- CAUTION: This material does not contain oxygen and may cause asphyxia if released in a confined area.
- High concentration of this gas will create an oxygen-deficient atmosphere, creating the risk of asphyxiation. Check oxygen content before entering area.
- CAUTION: Vapors displace air and can cause asphyxiation in confined spaces if released material.
- CAUTION: Can be reach toxic concentration quickly in air if released.
- Do not spray. Can be reach toxic concentration quickly in air if sprayed.
- Keep under 20°C. This material evaporate slowly at 20°C and reach toxic concentration.
- Do not spray. This material does not easily evaporated. But can be reach toxic concentration quickly in air if sprayed.
- Check oxygen content before entering area.
- Do not spray. Can be evaporate quickly if sprayed.
- Use adequate machine for prevention when package handling.
- Avoid any skin and eye contact when insert undiluted solution. Wash ... thoroughly after handling.
- Caution: Dangerous fire hazard when exposed to heat, or flame, sparks.
- Wear an appropriate Personal protection. (See Exposure Controls/Personal Protection section.)

2) Conditions for safe storage (including any incompatibilities)

- Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.
- Please note that materials and conditions to be avoided.
- Store containers: AVOID the place where can be damage and contamination.
- Store in a cool/low-temperature, well-ventilated {dry} place {away from heat and ignition sources}
- Choose a place that can be protected from strong oxidizers and acid.
- Drum Handling: Must work at safe place., Loading more than 3 stack is prohibited.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

1) Control parameters

Chemical name	Exposure limits	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	Biological limit values(BLV)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	TWA: Not applicable STEL: Not applicable	5mg/m3 Not applicable	Not available	Not applicable

Trilauryl phosphite	TWA: Not applicable STEL: Not applicable	Not applicable Not applicable	Not available	Not applicable
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol	TWA: Not applicable STEL: Not applicable	Not applicable Not applicable	Not available	Not applicable
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	TWA: Not applicable STEL: Not applicable	Not applicable Not applicable	Not available	Not applicable

2) Appropriate engineering controls

- Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below the permissible exposure limits.

3) Personal protection equipment

- O Respiratory protection If high frequency of use or exposure, wear air respirator.
 - Wear breathing protection, which needs a confirmation from the Korea Occupational Safety and Health Agency.
- O **Eye protection** Wear suitable protective goggles and face shields.
 - Wear face shield to protect eyes from scattering dust or hazardous liquid.
 - Wear Non-moisture permeable goggle for dust protection.
 - Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower.
- O Hand protection Wear insulated gloves.
 - Wear Non-moisture permeable chemical resistance protective gloves(latex, nitrile

rubber, PVC) for prevent skin contact.

O **Body protection** - When contact is likely wear chemical resistant, oil and grease resistant, non-

moisture permeable shoes and clothes.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Item	Input Value
Apperance	Clear, light yellow liquid
Color	No Data
Smell	a specific smell of Hydrocarbon
Smell Threshold	No Data
pH (Numerical value)	No Data
Melting/Freezing Point	No Data
Boilling Point (Numerical value)	Input

Flash Point (Numerical value)	222
Evaporating Rate	No Data
Flammability(Solid, Gas)	No Data
Explosibility Range	No Data
Steam Pressure	<0.1
Solubility (Numerical value)	No Data
Vapor Density	No Data
Specific Gravity	No Data
Distribution Coefficient	No Data
SelfIgnition Temperature	>260
Pyrolysis Temperature	No Data
Viscosity (Numerical value)	32
Molecular Weight	No Data

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

1) Chemical Stability and

hazardous reactivity

- Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Containers may explode when heated.Some may burn but none ignite readily.

- Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic gases.

- May cause toxic effects if inhaled.

- Some liquids produce vapors that may cause dizziness or suffocation.

2) Conditions to avoid

- Ignition source(heat, spark, flame, etc.).

3) Incompatible materials

- Combustibles.

- Irritating and/or toxic gas.

4) Hazardous decomposition - Not available

products

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

- 1) Information on the likely routes of exposures
 - **○** Inhalation

- After inhalation: No data

○ Skin contact

- Following skin contact: No data

○ Eye contact

- After eye contact: No data

○ Ingestion

- After ingestion: No data

2) Health hazard information

O Acute toxicity

* Oral - Not applicable (ATEMix > 2,000 mg/kg)

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic: LD50 >15000 mg/kg Species: Rat
- Trilauryl phosphite : No data
- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : LD50 >5000 mg/kg Species : Rat
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: Rat, LD50 >15000 mg/kg

* Dermal - Not applicable (ATEMix > 2,000 mg/kg)

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic: LD50 >5000 mg/kg Species: Rabbit
- Trilauryl phosphite : No data
- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : LD50 >1000 mg/kg Species : Rat
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: Rabbit, LD50 >2000 mg/kg

* Inhalation(Gas) - Not applicable

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic : No data
- Trilauryl phosphite: No data
- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : No data
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light : No data

* Inhalation(Vapour) - Not applicable (ATEMix > 20 mg/L))

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic : No data
- Trilauryl phosphite: No data
- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : No data
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light : LC50 > 5.28 mg/L Rat

* Inhalation(Dust, mist) - Not applicable (ATEMix > 5 mg/L)

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic: LC50 > 5.53 mg/L 4h Rat
- Trilauryl phosphite: No data
- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : No data
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light : Rat, LC50 >5.2 mg/ℓ 4 hr

○ Skin corrosion/Irritation :

- Distillates (petroleum), : Rabbit - slightly irritating

hydrotreated heavy

paraffinic

- Trilauryl phosphite : No data

- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol- Distillates (petroleum),- Rabbit - irritating- Rabbit, irritating

hydrotreated light

○ Serious eye damage/irritation :

- Distillates (petroleum), : Rabbit, not irritating, OECD TG 405 GLP (Read-across CAS No. 64742-53-6)

hydrotreated heavy

paraffinic

- Trilauryl phosphite : No data

- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol- Distillates (petroleum),- Rabbit - not irrtating- Rabbit, non-irritating

hydrotreated light

O Respiratory sensitization:

- Distillates (petroleum), : No data

hydrotreated heavy

paraffinic

Trilauryl phosphiteNo data2,6-di-tert-butylphenolNo data

- Distillates (petroleum), : No data

hydrotreated light

○ Skin sensitization :

- Distillates (petroleum), : Not sensitising (Guinea Pig)

hydrotreated heavy

paraffinic

- Trilauryl phosphite : No data

- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : Not sensitising (Guinea pig)

- Distillates (petroleum), : Not sensitising (Guinea Pig)

hydrotreated light

○ Carcinogenicity:

Distillates (petroleum),
 hydrotreated heavy

paraffinic

: EU CLP:1B The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the sybstance contains less than 3% DMSO extract as measure by IP 346

Trilauryl phosphite : No data
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : No data
Distillates (petroleum), : No data

hydrotreated light

. NO dat

○ Germ cell mutagenicity :

Distillates (petroleum),
 hydrotreated heavy

paraffinic

: CHO cell - Negative

- Trilauryl phosphite : No data

- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : Ames test, Salmonella Typhimurim - Negative

- Distillates (petroleum), : in vitro, in vivo Mutation test; negative

hydrotreated light

○ Reproductive toxicity :

- Distillates (petroleum), : Reproductive performance was not adversely affected at any dose level

hydrotreated heavy evaluated. (Rat)

paraffinic

Trilauryl phosphite : No data2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : No data

- Distillates (petroleum), : Effects on reproduction, pregnancy, and litter size are not observed. (rat,

hydrotreated light female)

O Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) :

- Distillates (petroleum), : No systemic effects were observed

hydrotreated heavy

paraffinic

- Trilauryl phosphite : No data

- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : Human - eye, skin and respiratory irritation

- Distillates (petroleum), : May cause central nervous system depression. Inhalation of high concentration

hydrotreated light vapors may cause loss of consciousness.

O Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) :

- Distillates (petroleum), : No systemic effects were observed

hydrotreated heavy

paraffinic

Trilauryl phosphite : No data2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : No data

- Distillates (petroleum), : degreasing of skin

hydrotreated light

○ Aspiration hazard :

- Distillates (petroleum), : No data

hydrotreated heavy

paraffinic

Trilauryl phosphiteNo data2,6-di-tert-butylphenolNo data

- Distillates (petroleum), : If swallowed, aspirate into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis. (1-2.4 cSt

hydrotreated light at 40°C)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

1) Ecotoxicity

Acute toxicity : Not availableChronic toxicity : Not classfied

O Acute (short-term) aquatic hazard:

Fish

Invertebrates

Aquatic algae

○ Chronic (Long-term) aquatic hazard:

Fish

Invertebrates

Aquatic algae

2) Persistence and degradability

○ Persistence

- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : 4.92 log Kow

- Trilauryl phosphite: 15.48 log Kow (estimated)

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light : log Kow 6

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic : log Kow 6

Degradability

- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : No data
- Trilauryl phosphite: No data
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light : ThOD 61 %
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic : No data

3) Bioaccumulative potential

- Bioaccumulation
- Biodegradation

4) Mobility in soil

- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : Koc 4493
- Trilauryl phosphite: 10000000000 (Can be adsorbed on soil.; estimated)
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light : No data
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic : No data

5) Hazard to the ozone layer

- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : Not applicable
- Trilauryl phosphite: Not applicable
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light : Not applicable
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic : Not applicable

6) Other adverse effects

- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : No data
- Trilauryl phosphite: No data
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light : No data
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic : Fish: NOEC(Pimephales promelas) >5000 mg/L/7d

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

1) Disposal methods

- Every commercial waste producer shall either treat wastes generated from his/her place of business by him/herself or commission the treatment of such wastes to a person who has license for a waste treatment business under Article 26(3), a person who recycles of such wastes under Article 44(2), a person who has installed and operates a waste disposal facility under Article 4 or 5, a person who has completed the registration of a business of discharging wastes into the sea under Article 18 of the Marine Environment Management Act.

2) Special precaution for disposal

- Wear an appropriate Personal protection. (See Exposure Controls/Personal Protection section.)
- Do not allow spill material to enter sewers, storn water drains, soil, etc.
- Empty containers recycled under environmental laws.
- Empty containers may rupture when pressured.
- Empty containers may explode and residues can be ignited when pressured, cut, weld, heated.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

1) UN No.

- Not applicable

2) Proper shipping name

- Not applicable

3) Transport hazard class(es)

- Not applicable

4) Packing group

- Not applicable

5) Marine pollutant

- Not applicable

6) Special safety response for transportation or transportation measure

- Types of Emergency Measures in Case of Fire: Not applicable
- Types of Emergency Measures in Leakage: Not applicable
- This product is not regulated for carriage according to ADR/RID, ADN, IMDG, ICAO/IATA.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EINECS(or ELINCS)

- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : Not applicable
- Trilauryl phosphite : Not applicable
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light : Not applicable
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic : Not applicable

EU CLP (CLASSIFICATION) - PRODUCT:

- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
- Trilauryl phosphite : Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light : Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic : Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

Substances restricted under REACH

- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : Not applicable
- Trilauryl phosphite : Not applicable
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light : Not applicable
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic : Not applicable

Substances subject to authorization under REACH

REACH SVHC List

○ U.S.A. management information(OSHA regulation)

- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : Not applicable
- Trilauryl phosphite : Not applicable
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light : Not applicable
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic : Not applicable

○ EU Classification (CLASSIFICATION)

- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : Not applicable
- Trilauryl phosphite : Not applicable
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: Asp. Tox. 1
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic : Carc. 1B

○ EU Classification (Risk Phrases)

- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : Not applicable
- Trilauryl phosphite: Not applicable
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: H304
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic: H350

○ EU Classification (Safety Phrases)

- 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol : Not applicable
- Trilauryl phosphite : Not applicable
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light: S:(2)-23-24-62
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic: S:53-45

16. OTHER INFORMATION

1) Reference

- The information contained herein is believed to be accurate. It is provided independently of any sale of the product for purpose of hazard communication. It is not intended to constitute performance information concerning the product. No express warranty, or implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose is made with respect to the product or the information contained herein.

2) Issue Date

- 2012-11-30

3) Revision number and Last date revised

- O Number of revised
- 2
- O Date of last revision
- 2018-01-01
- Last Revision History

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4) Other

- This Safety Data Sheet was compiled with data and information from the following sources: KOSHA, NITE, ESIS, NLM, SIDS, IPCS